"Regional Support for Inclusive Education"

Funded by the European Union and the Council of Europe





Implemented by the Council of Europe

An inclusive school is a school where:
every child is welcome,
every parent is involved,
every teacher is valued.

Key findings from the LSE Baseline Study and NEPC focus groups

Slovenia 14 - 16 October 2014

School type	LSE Baseline study	NEPC study
Primary	Inclusion Index of primary schools is on average higher than that of secondary schools (3,86). Primary schools score on average much higher than	Individual focus group reports suggest that on the whole primary schools are more often perceived as inclusive by stakeholders. Some primary schools (those located in economically disadvantaged areas) show a sense of social marginalization among stakeholders,
	other types of schools in Dimension A (Inclusive practices for entry to school).	similar to VET schools.
VET	Inclusion Index of VET schools is on average lower than that of primary schools (3, 69). Similar to gymnasium-type schools, also VET schools score rather low on Dimension B (Inclusion within the school). VET schools score the lowest in Dimension D (Community engagement).	VET schools' stakeholders live with a sense of marginality, VET not seen as important in the community.
Secondary/ Gymnasia	Inclusion Index of gymnasium-type schools is on average lower than that of primary schools (3, 69). Gymnasia score lowest in Dimension A (Inclusive practices for entry to school) and Dimension B (Inclusion within the school).	Individual focus group reports from gymnasia suggest that school culture is based on authority. Parents perceive top-down decisions and lack of openness and transparency in gymnasia.

Pilots school project interventions clustered by school type

