6 Steps

KNOWLEDGE TRANSLATION PLAN



6 STEPS KNOWLEDGE TRANSLATION PLAN

Establish goals

Develop targeted messages

Identify and engage partners

Run the strategies

Identify the audience(s)

Evaluate and measure



1. Establish

Goals

(What success is for you)

WHICH results do you want to achieve with your research?

WHICH impacts do you want to generate?

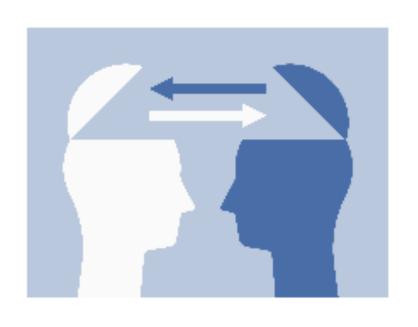
WHICH reality do you want to change?



Examples



Generate awareness interest



Share knowledge



Inform Research



Inform Decision Making





2. Identify and Engage

Key partners

(Who can help you or oppose you in this task)

- WHO can support my research findings?
- WHO can spread the word?

WHO can advocate for me?

WHICH are the opposing forces?



POWER ANALYSIS: Who supports the change, who might block it, and Who are the people who influence these actors?







Policymakers/ Practitioners



Funders



Youth Organizations



International
Organizations and
Non - profits



POWER ANALYSIS: Who supports the change, who might block it, and Who are the people who influence these actors?



Don't forget about
The blockers of a
change!

GOVERNMENTS?

COMPANIES?

BRANDS?



Don't forget about
The supporters of a
change!



3. Identify

The Audience

(Who are the knowledge users?)

WHO will use the evidence the most?

WHO can generate impact with it?

WHO can scale up it?





Policymakers

A \$2,555 (11%) increase in annual earnings per student during the eight years
The total earnings gain was \$20,452 per student over the eight-year





The program cost approximately \$3,800 to \$7,600 per student throughout their three- or four year

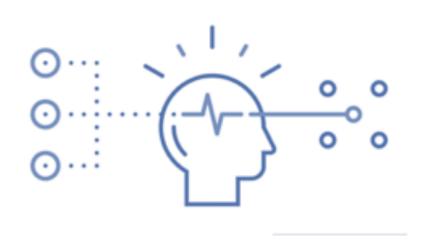




Congressman

The cost per student was at least partly offset by the increased tax revenue resulting from the gain in earnings of Career Academy students.







A \$2,555 (11%) increase in annual earnings per student during the eight years
The total earnings gain was \$20,452 per student over the eight-year



Employers

The program cost approximately \$3,800 to \$7,600 per student throughout their three- or four year



Congressman

The cost per student was at least partly offset by the increased tax revenue resulting from the gain in earnings of Career Academy students.



4. Develop

Targeted Messages

(What and how to Communicate?)

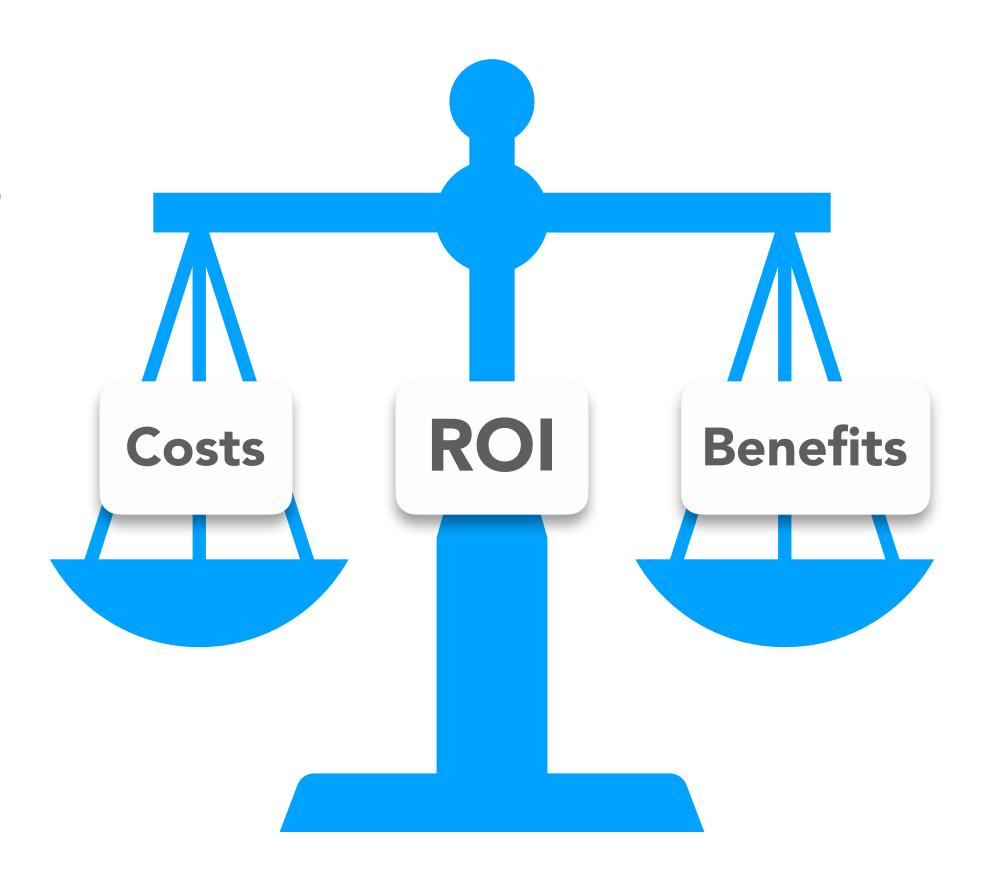
WHAT evidence is more likely to sensitive and generate change?

HOW can you frame the message most compellingly for your audience?



MAIN QUESTIONS

"The cost per student was at least partly offset by the increased tax revenue resulting from the gain in earnings of Career Academy students"



"Implementing the program would cost XX million dollars or YY% of what the government currently spends with the issue"

What advantage does the policymaker take in using this evidence?



5. Run

The Strategies

(How to make your message get there?)

WHICH materials will you have to develop to convey your key messages?

HOW will you make them reach your audience?





- Inform
- Policymakers/
- Decision Makers
- Congressman
- Chiefs of cabinet
- Technical Representative
 Government

- Summarized Ideas
- ROI Data
- Killer Facts
- Compelling Stories

Policy brief
Position paper
Evidence brief

Rapid response synthesis

(End of Grant KT)*

6. Evaluate

And Measure

(How to make sure you reached your initial KT Oals)

WHAT are the best ways to evaluate the uptake And impacts of evidence?

HOW to find out the strategies that have worked the most?

No consensus on the best methods and outcomes to evaluate the strategies, only suggestions:

Methods

- Randomised controlled trials (RCTs)
- Quasi-experiments
- Single-group pre/post-test evaluations
- Surveys



"It looks like we have a consensus."

QUANTITATIVE METHODS

QUALITATIVE METHODS

REACH INDICATORS

(# Distributed, # Requested,
downloads/hits, media exposure)

POLICY INDICATORS

(New bills, measures, laws And regulations)

USE INDICATORS

(# intend to use, # adapting the information, # using to inform policy/ advocacy/enhance programs, training, education, or research, # using to improve practice or performance)

USEFULNESS INDICATORS

(Read/browsed, satisfied with, Usefulness of, gained knowledge, Changed views)

PRACTICE CHANGE INDICATORS

(Intent or commitment to change, Observed change, reported change) KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDE AND SYSTEM CHANGE