

## C4i - COMMUNICATION FOR INTEGRATION

### C4i CITIES PROFILES

#### DEMOGRAPHICS

*Possible sources of evidence for questions related to city demographics include municipal registers; local results from national censuses; data collected by local, regional and national statistical offices, etc.*

1. What is the population size of the city (and the district or other administrative unit relevant for this project)?

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Total	191809	95815	95994
0-14 years old	39064	20097	18967
15-64 years old	129432	65138	64294
65+ years old	23313	10580	12733

2. There are different ways in which immigrants are counted statistically in different countries. In order to be able to compare cities, please provide some background information about these statistics in your country, e.g. what categories are used to identify people of migrant/minority background.

The census of population, held every 5 years, records the nationality and ethnic origin of every person resident in the jurisdiction. Data can be disaggregated at Small Area (SA) level for: usually resident population by place of birth (Ireland, UK, Poland, Lithuania, Other EU 27, Rest of World, Not Stated); usually resident population by nationality (Irish, British, Polish, Lithuanian, Other EU 27, Rest of World, Not Stated); and usually resident population by ethnic or cultural background (White Irish; White Irish Traveller, Other White, Black or Black Irish, Asian or Asian Irish, Other, Not Stated). At a macro level, more specific data can be acquired for place of birth and nationality.

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3. What is the percentage of the following categories of residents in the city's overall population?

a) Non-nationals

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Total	18427	9562	8865
0-14 years old	2782	1464	1318
15-64 years old	15049	7800	7249
65+ years old	596	298	298

b) Foreign-born nationals

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Total	25736	13164	12572
0-14 years old	1503	1619	1481
15-64 years old	21634	11049	10585
65+ years old	1002	496	506

c) Nationals with foreign-born parent(s)

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female

Total	<b>Data not available</b>
0-14 years old	
15-64 years old	
65+ years old	

d) People who are second or third generation migrants

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Total	<b>Data not available</b>		
0-14 years old			
15-64 years old			
65+ years old			

4. What are the majority ethnic groups in the city and what percentage of the city population do they represent?

Persons of Polish nationality represent the largest ethnic group in the Limerick region, 3.2% of the total population. In Limerick city, persons of Polish nationality represent 4.5% of the city's population and 2.6% of Limerick county population.

5. What are the most important minority groups in the city (representing more than 5% of the overall population)? Please give the origin of the groups and their size in % of the population.

Minority groups by place of birth:

UK – 4.9% (9459); Poland – 3% (5669); Lithuania – 0.5% (876); Other EU – 1.7% (3179); Rest of World – 3.4% (6535); Not stated – 0% (0).

Minority groups by nationality:

UK – 1.8% (3549); Poland – 3.2% (6090); Lithuania – 0.5% (918); Other EU – 1.6% (3125);

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Rest of World – 2.6% (4745); Not stated - 1.2% (2293).

6. What are the top three neighbourhoods with the highest concentration rate of the following categories of residents?

	Top neighbour.1	Top neighbour.2	Top neighbour.3
Non-nationals	Custom House (55%)	Dock A (54%)	Shannon B (53%)
Foreign-born nationals	Custom House (54.3%)	Shannon B (53%)	Dock A (52.2%)
Nationals with foreign-born parent(s)	<b>Data not available</b>		

### LABOUR MARKET

*Possible sources of evidence for labour market questions include data collected by local, regional and national statistical offices; public employment agencies, etc.*

7. What is the size of the active population?

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Active population	89578*	50042*	39536*
0-14 years old	*Data available for persons aged 15 years and over		
15-64 years old			
65+ years old			

8. What is the percentage of the following categories of residents in the active population?

	Gender		

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	Total	Male	Female
% of non-nationals in the active population	12.8% (11445 - 73.2% of total non-national population, all ages)	12.8% (6401)	12.8% (5044)
% of foreign-born nationals in the active population	17.6% (15752 – 69.6% of total foreign-born population)	17.5% (8762 – 75.9% of total foreign-born population)	17.7% (6990 – 63% of total foreign-born population)
% of nationals with foreign-born parent(s) in the active population	<b>Data not available</b>		

9. What is the unemployment rate?

(a)

Neighbourhood's densely populated by migrants	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Unemployment rate	20.7%*	23.9%	16.7%
Top neighbour.1 (Custom House)	36.2%		
Top neighbour.2 (Dock A)	32.4%		
Top neighbour.3 (Shannon B)	38.2%		

\* Unemployment rate in Limerick city = 28.8%; Limerick county = 17.5%

(b) Added table:

Neighbourhood's with highest unemployment rate	Gender		

	Total	Male	Female
Unemployment rate	20.7%	23.9%	16.7%
Top neighbour.1 (John's A)	55.8%		
Top neighbour.2(Galvone B)	55.2%%		
Top neighbour.3 (Ballynanty)	47.2%		

10. What are the unemployment rates of the following categories of residents?

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Unemployment rate of non-nationals	25.3%	26.2%	24.2%
Unemployment rate of foreign-born nationals	24.2%	25.7%	22.3%
Unemployment rate of nationals with foreign-born parent(s)	<b>Data not available</b>		

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## EDUCATION

Possible sources of evidence for questions on education include data collected by local, regional and national statistical offices; school registers; local, regional and/or national education authorities, etc.

11. What is the share of the following categories of residents with tertiary, secondary and primary or less than primary education, out of the overall population (of the city and the 3 above identified neighbourhoods)?

a) Nationals

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Tertiary education	45021(41878?)	21718	23303
Secondary education	42871	19291	20437
Primary or less than primary education	19587*	10391*	9196*

b) Non-nationals

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Tertiary education	5747	3010	2737
Secondary education	8890	4513	4377
Primary or less than primary	0*	0*	0*

education			
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c) Foreign-born nationals

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Tertiary education	16,373 (* includes not stated)	8,370*	8,003*
Secondary education	9363	4794	4569
Primary or less than primary education	0*	0*	0*

d) Nationals with foreign-born parent(s)

	Gender		
	Total	Male	Female
Tertiary education	<b>Data not available</b>		
Secondary education			
Primary or less than primary education			

**ECONOMY**

*Possible sources of evidence for questions related to the local economy include data collected by local, regional and national statistical offices; local enterprises register; taxation offices; chambers of commerce, business associations, etc.*

12. What is the GDP per capita in the city? \*€19,905 (Figures for 2010)

13. What is the GDP per capita in the city for the following categories of residents?

	GDP per capita
Non-nationals	
Foreign-born nationals	
Nationals with foreign-born parent(s)	
Third-country nationals	

## ORGANIZATION

14. Which are the competences, at local level, in migrants’ integration? neighbourhoods?
15. Which is the city department with leading responsibility for intercultural integration?

There is no specific ‘intercultural integration’ department in the local authority structure. The responsibility for these actions comes under the Social Inclusion work of Limerick City and County Council. Representatives from Limerick City and County are members of the Limerick City and County Integration Working Group (IWG), which was established as a sub-committee of Limerick City and County Development Boards. The IWG is chaired by the CEO of Doras Luimní and the Director of JRS Ireland. The Group comprises 19 statutory, non-statutory and voluntary bodies who share information and best practice on the integration needs of migrant and local communities.

16. Has the city adopted an intercultural/integration action plan? Please, provide general information on it and a link to its publication.

Limerick City and County adopted its second Integration Plan in December 2013, “Towards Intercultural Limerick: 2013-2016”. Link to download: [click here](#).

The Limerick Integration Working Group (IWG), which comprises 19 statutory, voluntary and community groups, is responsible for developing and coordinating the implementation of the Integration Plan.

The Integration Plan was developed by the IWG members following research and needs analysis and with close regard for the EU Common Basic Principles of Integration. The Plan is divided into 6 principal themes, each of which is linked to an Intercultural Cities theme.

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## GOALS, CHALLENGES AND EXPECTATIONS FOR C4I CITIES

17. Which are the main constrains that your city will face up in developing an anti-rumours strategy?

Data collection constitutes a constraint with regard accessing factual counter-arguments to identified perceptions. There is a lack of published statistics disaggregated by county of residence, nationality and place of birth, while no public data for nationals with foreign-born parents is currently collected or recorded. As immigration is a relatively new phenomenon in Ireland, compared to other EU countries, data and analysis of patterns relating to migrants and Irish nationals with foreign-born parents is limited. Obtaining data on the financial contributions of migrants to the Irish economy; data for social welfare payments and other relevant data sets, may prove difficult due to the lack of disaggregated data by nationality uniformly across the State.

The community and voluntary sector have witnessed significant budget cuts in recent years and are currently operating limited services, relative to previous years. Financial and human resources are stretched and interested persons may find volunteering their time in support of the campaign's efforts to be particularly difficult.

As training for anti-rumour 'agents' is intended to take place over the summer months, further difficulties may arise in finding the time for staff to attend training sessions as this would be the most time-restrictive period.

18. Which are the main challenges that your city will face up in developing an anti-rumours strategy?

The main challenges include lack of political support and evidence of prejudices against immigrants held by political figures in Limerick.

19. Which are the main strengths in your city to develop an anti-rumours strategy?

Limerick has a strong and well-established community and voluntary sector, working on a wide range of cross-cutting issues. Doras has good working relationships with many of these actors which should assist in the recruitment of interested individuals and organisations for the purposes of further training and engagement with the campaign.

In addition, Doras is well-known to various local media outlets, many of whom have expressed interest in the campaign already and it is hoped that generating publicity

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around the campaign will be eased by this established working relationship.

20. Which are the goals/expectations of your city in participating in the C4i project?

Principal goals are to: encourage and facilitate open and honest debate about immigration; improve public attitudes and perceptions of migrants; research and raise awareness on key facts relating to immigration; increase political support for and understanding of immigration issues.

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